



# EYFS are not included in this LTP as they learn based on Development Matters and are assessed on the ELGs in

			June.			
KS1 NC Objectives		What	are we learning in Willow (	Class?		
Understand what algorithms are;		r Science		Technology	Digital Literacy	
how they are implemented as programs on digital devices.	Hardware, networks and data representation.	Computational thinking & Programming	Using software	Using email, the Internet and wider technology.	Digital Literacy	
Create and debug simple programs. Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.	e and debug simple programs. Introduce children to logging in and using technology for a purpose, including creating art. Using i-pads to take photographs. Appreciate the value of computers, for example: understanding that computers helped us get to the moon! Learning how com information by ex- 'unplugged' algorit are completing ta the computer). Using Bee-bots to area and construct algorithms, throu the story of the Pigs).		Taking and manipulating digital photographs, including adding images found via a search engine. Using a word processing/presentation software to manipulate images and type text.	Using search engines to find images and text. Learning what data is and how it can be represented. For example, charts showing findings from a mini-beast hunt (links to Maths). Looking at and understanding branching databases (links to Science)	To stat to log in and out of their own school accounts. Introduction to online safety. Children to learn what it means to be 'online' and how to stay safe whilst treating others with respect.	
Tier 2 Vocab (words more frequently used)	Explore Video Type Photograph Text	Predict Explain instructions Steps	Image Resize Save Save as Search engine	Chart Information Computer Label Data Pictogram Sort Text table	Connect Emotion Devices Feelings Internet Internet safety Online Respect Sharing strangers trust	
<b>Tier 3 Vocab</b> (not frequently used except when learning specific knowledge and skills)	Keyboard Backspace Mouse Enter key Touch screen Space bar Keys	Algorithm Tinker Bee-bot Decomposition Computing code Computer program	Crop Import Delete Smart device Download Storage space Drag and drop Visual effects Editing software	Categorise Record Sort Database Represent	Communicate Personal Digital information footprint Posting Smart device Wired Wireless	
		PROGRESSION AND S	EQUENCING-From EYFS			
The class teacher will highlight this LTP as they add it into their MTP to ensure coverage. Each topic will start with time spent discussing what	Learning how to operate a camera to take photographs of meaningful creations or moments. Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to develop	Using logical reasoning to read simple instructions and predict the outcome. Following instructions as part of practical activities and games	Using a simple online paint tool to create digital art.	Participating in group image searches, led by the teacher. Representing data through sorting and categorising objects in unplugged scenarios.	Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. Learning to log in and log out. When using the internet alongside an adult or	





has previously been learnt and how the current topic will build on previous learning. Key subject specific vocabulary will be taught in each topic.		familiarity and introduce relevant vocabulary. Learning how to operate a camera. Recognising that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. Learning what a keyboard is and how to locate relevant keys. Learning what a mouse is and developing basic mouse skills such as moving and clicking.	and learning to debug when things go wrong. Learning to give simple instructions. Learning that an algorithm is a set of instructions to carry out a tasks in a specific order. Experimenting with programming a Beebot and learning how to give simple commands. Learning to debug instructions with the help of an adult when things go wrong.		Representing data through pictograms. Explaining branch databases through physical games.	independently, learning what to do if they come across something that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable.				
			Progression	n/Assessment Criteria – Y1						
	I can explor	e and tinker with hardware to find	out how it works.							
		understand that computers and devices around us use inputs and outputs. I can identify some of these.								
	I know where keys are located on the keyboard.									
	I can operate a camera.									
		I understand what the internet is. I know that decomposition means brocking a problem down into smaller parts								
	I know that decomposition means breaking a problem down into smaller parts.									
	I can use decomposition to solve unplugged challenges. I can use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple pregname.									
	I can use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. I can develop my sequencing skills in unplugged activities.									
		an develop my sequencing skills in unplugged activities. an begin to know that an algorithm is set up of step-by-step instructions used to carry out a task in a specific order.								
		gin to know that an algorithm is set up of step-by-step instructions used to carry out a task in a specific order. Ilow a basic set of instructions.								
End of Y1		w a basic set of instructions. mble instructions into a simple algorithm.								
Objectives		semble instructions into a simple algorithm. ogram a Beebot/Virtual Beebot to follow a planned route.								
v		lop a how-to video to explain how the Beebot works.								
			low-to video to explain now the Beedot works. debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario.							
		am learning to debug an algorithm in an unplugged scenario. am learning to debug instructions when things go wrong.								
	I can use a basic range of tools within graphic editing software.									
		I can use a basic range of roots within graphic earning software. I can take and editing photographs.								
	I can create	I can create digital art using an online paint tool.								
			g and resizing of images to create d	ifferent effects.						
		ing to understand different softwa								
		n and download images from the inte								
		we are connected to others when u	sing the internet.							
		to understand spreadsheets.								
			charts and create branching databases.							
			dvantages over paper when storing c	ind manipulating data.						
		nise common uses of information te								
	I understan	d some of the ways we can use the	internet.							





I can log in and out and saving work of my own school account

I understand the importance of a password.

I know what to do (when using the internet to search for images or learning) if I come across something online that worries them or makes them feel uncomfortable.

I can recognise when someone has been unkind online.

I am learning some top tips for staying safe online.

I am beginning to understand how we 'share' information on the internet.





KS1 NC Objectives		W	hat are we learning in Elm	Class?		
	Computer	r Science		n Technology	Digital Literacy	
Understand what algorithms and programs execute by	Hardware, networks and data representation.			Using email, the Internet and wider technology.	Digital Literacy	
following precise and unambiguous instructions. Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.	Children explore what a computer is, learning about inputs and outputs, how computers are used in the wider world - for example people who use computes to design inventions.	Identifying problems with code using both 'unplugged' and 'plugged' systems to debug (identify and correct) errors in algorithms. Using Probots and Bebots (links with maths). Using Scratch Junior, pupils to use their developing programme skills to: Retell a familiar story Make an animation Design a musical instrument Record a joke.	Children use their developing word processing skills to create presentations, pictures and documents. Children to write simple messages to friends. Stop Motion using movie-maker - Pupils create simple animations storyboarding their ideas then decomposing it into small parts to be captured.	Children to build on their understanding of how computes sense the world around us: for example, how data is collected and used to keep astronauts safe on the International Space Station.	Children learn how to be careful about who we talk to online. Learn how to keep personal information safe online, including their fight to give and deny permission for information to be shared online.	
Tier 2 Vocab (words more frequently used)	Documents Mouse Enter Typing Return	Forward Programming Backward testing Turn Paint effects Directions Animation Steps	Questions Content Charts Graphs Retrieve Save Import Paint Image Plan Storyboard Sketch	Data Space Digital Monitor (verb) content Website Experiment Information sources	Accept Password Online Permission	
Tier 3 Vocab (not frequently used except when learning specific knowledge and skills)	Template Backspace Caps lock	Debug Algorithm Right-angle Predict turn Sequence Abstraction Bug Sequence Debug	Data Capturing Communication Purposes Animator Magnified Contraption images Decomposition Stop-moiton	ApproximateLaboratoryAstronautSatelliteInteractiveSensormapSpacethermometer	Consent Terms and Content conditions Offline Trusted adult Personal information	
		PROGRESSION AND SEC	QUENCING- From Year On			
The class teacher will highlight this LTP as they add it into their MTP to ensure coverage. Each topic will start with time spent discussing what has previously been learnt and how	Using the school computers to play games; being familiar with a keyboard to login in more independently; understanding that things can be stored and retrieved form cameras and i-	From using toys such as Beebots to using programs such as Scratch and Scratch Junior to pre-plan algorithms for a particular purpose.	Know how to use i-pads/tablets and cameras safely; understand you have to ask before taking someone's photograph or entering someone else's information online; knowing that	To have a basic understanding that the internet is a web of computers with information; Know who to tell and have a basic understanding of how to seek help if they see	To be able to tell someone several different uses for computers and other technology.	

			LTP for Com	puting 2021/22	Academy, Pransformation			
the current topic w previous learning. Key subject specif vocabulary will be each topic.	ic	pads/tablets/phones; to start to retrieve own work.		information can be shared with others using devices and be able to recount some safety rules. Starting to use word processing and presentation software.	inappropriate things on the internet.	To show they can keep themselves safe on the internet with school equipment.		
				n/Assessment Criteria – Y2				
End of Y2 Objectives	I can recogn I know that I am using of I know when I can tell so I can decom I can decom I can use de I am beginn I am learnin I can explai I can follow I am learnin I can incorp I can use loo I can use an I am learnin I can incorp I can use an I am learnin I can use wo I can use wo I can use so	d what a computer is and that it's n nise that buttons cause effects that technology is doing what we want it greater control when taking photos the different keys are on the keyboor meone what decomposition is. The different keys are on the keyboor meone what decomposition is. The different keys are on the keyboor meone what decomposition is. The different keys are on the keyboor meone what decomposition is. The different keys are on the keyboor meone what decomposition is. The different keys are on the keyboor monosition to decompose a story it ing to learn what abstraction is. The different levels of n what an algorithm is. The algorithm is. The different levels of n what an algorithm is. The different levels of n what an algorithm is. The different levels of the different levels of t	nade up of different components. t technology follows instructions. t to do via its output. with tablets or computers. rd and the basics of touch typing. ms used to create it. nto smaller parts. f abstraction. f abstraction. make predictions. ng precise instructions. predicting, testing and explaining wh r program. efficient. g altering text, copying and pasting	nat it does.				
	I understand that personal information should not be shared on the internet. I am learning how to be respectful to others when sharing content online.							
	I can collec	t and input data into a spreadsheet.						
		ret simple data. 19 how computers are used in the wi	dan world					
		d that personal information should						
		g how to be respectful to others w						





KS2 NC Objectives		What ar	e we learning in Beech Clas	ss - Cycle A?	
Design, write and debug programs	Comput	er Science		n Technology	Digital Literacy
that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating	Hardware, networks and data representation.	Computational thinking & Programming	Using software	Using email, the Internet and wider technology.	Digital Literacy
<ul> <li>physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.</li> <li>Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs</li> <li>Understand computer networks including the internet; how they Creating a clear and precise algorithm.</li> <li>can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.</li> <li>Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.</li> <li>Select, use and come in a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including and presenting data and information.</li> </ul>	Children investigate the role of computers, for example, in forecasting and recording weather as well as how technology is used to present forecasts. Children understand how computers communicate. Children learn about networks and the internet and how they are used to share information.	Scratch Programming Using Scratch, with its block- based approach to coding, pupils learn to tell stories and create simple games (see separate Scratch Skills progression sheet). HTML Pupils explore the language behind well-known websites, while developing their own understanding of how to change the core characteristics of a website using HTML and CSS.	Developing video editing skills. Children create and develop a book trailer, storyboarding their trailers beforehand and then filming and editing their videos, adding transitions, music, voice and text.	Learning to work collaboratively in a responsible way using document sharing tools including Google Docs and Sheets.	Pupils develop their understanding of how to identify trustworthy information online and consider the implications of technology.
<b>Tier 2 Vocab</b> (words more frequently used)	Algorithm Climate Automated Device machine Forecast Calculate Predict Temperature Record Weather	AnimationDebugApplicationDecompositionCodePredictCode blockProgramContentHackerWebpagePermission	ApplicationImportDesktopKey eventsDigital devicePlanEditLaptopFilmSound effectsgraphics	Device The cloud File Wi-fi Internet Wired Network Wireless Link Email Share	Ad / Fake advertisement Gaming Alter Social media Belief Respectful Fact Reliable
<b>Tier 3 Vocab</b> (not frequently used except when learning specific knowledge and skills)	Log data Source Sensor spreadsheet Browser	Interface Re-mixing Loop code Sprite Repetition Tinker code Copywrite Script URL	Import Time code Voiceover	Network mapServerNetworkSubmarineswitchcablesRouterAccess pointe-documentTransition	Bot Pop-ups Chatterbot Snippet Influencer Sponsored Implication Live- streaming





KS2 NC Objectives		What a	re we learning in Beech Cla	rning in Beech Class - Cycle B?				
	Compute	er Science	Informatio	Digital Literacy				
Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating thusical actoms, actus problems bu	Hardware, networks and data representation.	Computational thinking & Programming	Using software	Using email, the Internet and wider technology.	Digital Literacy			
physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Select, use and come in a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and	Inside a Computer Children learn about the different parts of a computer through role-play and develop their own understanding of how they follow instructions. Scratch Coding The coding program Scratch is explored further by revisiting key features and introducing children to 'variables' in code and scripts.		Top Trumps Databases Developing children's understanding of data and databases. Children play with and create their own Top Trumps cards, learning how to interpret information by ordering and filtering.	Website design Children design and create their own websites, considering content and style as well as understanding the importance of working collaboratively. Email Children learn how to send emails, including attachments and how to be responsible digital citizens.	To understand that you can't trust everything you rea don the internet. Learning about social media platforms including their age-restrictions and privacy settings.			
content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.								
		Lower Key Sta	ge Two Vocabulary					
Tier 2 Vocab (words more frequently used)	Algorithm Data Computer Desktop Computer Instructions program Tablet	Algorithm Computer Design Decompose Code Problem Icon Tinker Feature	Data Graphs Information Charts Record Sort	ContentInsertCreateOnlineDesignPlanEditEmailSpamEmail accountUsernameEmojiAttachmentLog onpasswordLog off	AccurateBlockAge-ContentrestrictedDigital devicesBeliefsFactOpinionReliablePrivacyReportsettingsRequestsSearch engine			
Tier 3 Vocab (not frequently used except when learning specific knowledge and skills)	ROM Trackpad	Abstraction Variable Code blocks Stage Conditional Orientation statement	Categorise Database Fields Spreadsheet filter	Embed Header Feature Hyperlink Tab BCC Cyber-bullying CC domain	Autocomplete Fake news Security Social media questions platforms Smart devices Social networking			





					-				
				QUENCING From Year Two		1			
LTP as they add it into their MTP to ensure coverage. Each topic will start with time spent discussing what has previously been learnt and how the current topic will build on previous learning. Key subject specific vocabulary will be		Able to produce digital content and place and resize images. Can look on google images to scratch images for their own work. Resize and place words/pictures and text boxes onto work.	Creating simple algorithms using symbols and words that have specific purposes. Creating simple programs using Bebots, Probots and on screen sprites using Scratch Junior.	To be respectful of technology and know how to work computers and tablets. Remember the school rules for safe internet use. Know not to give their name/school details online.	Know what a search engine is; know what email is; know you can retrieve information from the WWW. Have begun to use search engines themselves and are wary that not everything they read online is true.	Know some rules to keep safe online: Know to seek an adult if they see any images or content that is scary or inappropriate. Know there are adverts on websites and can log onto the school network independently using their user name and password.			
taught in each top			Progression/A	ssessment Criteria - LKS2	- V3				
	I understan	d what the different components o							
		comparisons across different types							
		ng what a server does.							
		ng what a network is and its purpose							
		fy the key components within a net		red or wireless.					
	I can recognise links between networks and the internet.								
	I know how data is transferred. I can use decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer.								
	I can use decomposition to explore the code behind an animation.								
	I can use repetition in programs.								
	I understand that computers follow instructions.								
	I can use an algorithm to explain the roles of different parts of a computer.								
		gical reasoning to explain how simple	e algorithms work.						
End of	I can explain the purpose of an algorithm.								
Year 3	I can form algorithms independently. I can use logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and explaining what it does.								
Objectives	I can use logical thinking to explore more complex software; predicting, testing and explaining what it does. I can incorporate loops to make code more efficient.								
	•	existing code.							
		more systematic approach to debug	aina code. iustifvina what is wrona	and how it can be corrected.					
		photographs and recording video to							
	I can use so	oftware to edit and enhance my vide	o adding music, sounds and text on	screen with transitions.					
	I understan	d the vocabulary associated with do	itabases: field, record, data.						
	I am learning about the pros and cons of digital versus paper databases.								
		nd filtering databases to easily ret							
		e and interpreting charts and graph							
		ng to log in and out of an email accou							
		an email including a subject, 'to' and	'from'.						
	I can send c	an email with an attachment.							





	I can reply to an email.						
	I can identify useful terms and phrases for search engines.						
	I understand the purpose of emails.						
	I know what a search engine is.						
	I can recognise how social media platforms are used to interact.						
	• I am learning to be a responsible digital citizen; understanding their responsibilities to treat others respectfully and recognising when digital behaviour is unkind.						
	I know about cyberbullying.						
	I am learning that not all emails are genuine, recognising when an email might be fake and what to do about it.						
	I know that not all information on the internet is factual.						
	I understand who personal information should/shouldn't be shared with.						
	Progression/Assessment Criteria – LKS2 – Y4						
	I am learning about the purpose of routers.						
	I understanding of the key components of a network.						
	I understand that websites & videos are files that are shared from one computer to another.						
	I know about the role of packets.						
	I understand that computer networks provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and opportunities for communication and collaboration.						
	I can solve unplugged problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.						
	I can use decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code.						
	I can use decomposition to help solve problems.						
	I can identify patterns through unplugged activities.						
	I can use past experiences to help solve new problems.						
	I can use abstraction to identify the important parts when completing both plugged and unplugged activities.						
	I can create algorithms for a specific purpose.						
End of	I understand that websites can be altered by exploring the code beneath the site.						
Year 4	I can code a simple game.						
Objectives	I can use abstraction and pattern recognition to modify code.						
·	I can Incorporate variables to make code more efficient.						
	I can re-mix existing code.						
	I can use a more systematic approach to debugging code, justifying what is wrong and how it can be corrected.						
	I can build a web page and creating content for it.						
	I can design and create a webpage for a given purpose.						
	I can use Google online software for documents, presentations, forms and spreadsheets.						
	I can work collaboratively with others.						
	I understand why some results come before others when searching.						
	I understand that information on the internet is not all grounded in fact						
	I understand that software can be used collaboratively online to work as a team.						





I can recognise what appropriate behaviour is when collaborating with others online.

I can recognise that information on the Internet might not be true or correct and that some sources are more trustworthy than others.

I am learning about different forms of advertising on the internet.





KS2 NC Objectives	What are we learning in Oak Class - Cycle A?									
Design, write and debug programs that	Computer Scie	nce			Information T	echnology	•		Digital Liter	acy
accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into	Hardware, net representation	works and data	Computational Programming	thinking &	Using softward	2	Using email, t wider technolo	he Internet and ogy.	Digital Liter	acy
smaller parts. Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Select, use and come in a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.	Mars Rover 1 Pupils explore inputs and outputs as well as Binary numbers to understand how the Mars Rover transmits and receives data and how scientists are able to control it to explore another planet. Mars Rover 2 Children learn how the Mars Rover is able to send images all the way back to Earth and experiment online CAD software to design new tyres for it.		Programming A Composing mus through Sonic Pupils can com culminating in bands' using lo Microbit Programming a display animat	sic using code Pi or Scratch. pose simple tunes a 'battle of the ops of music.	collected and stored by exploring barcodes, QR codes and RFID chips. Children investigate how collecting bid data can be used to help people in a variety of different scenarios. Mars Rover 2		Big Data 2 Children learn the difference between mobile data and WiFi and how data is transferred. Children use this understanding to design their own smart school.		Online Safety Considering online communication and the effects on mental health and wellbeing.	
			Uppe	r Key Stage T	wo Vocabular	y Cycle A	-			
Tier 2 Vocab (words more frequently used)	Data Computer simulation Data transmission Discovery Distance Sequence	Input Moon Numerical data Output Planet Radio signal scientist	Basic commands Code Error Rhythm Soundtrack Bluetooth Code blocks	Bug Debug Programming language Tempo Tinker Pedometer Variable	Barcode Data Data privacy Encrypt Signal systems	Brand Computer Contactless QR code Radio waves Transmission	Big data QR code SIM Computer simulation	Bluetooth Corrupt data	Application (app) Bullying Emoji Gif Hacked Reliable	Interpreted Judgement Meme Mental health Misinterpreted Permissions Reputation
<b>Tier 3 Vocab</b> (not frequently used except when learning specific knowledge and skills)	Binary code CAD JPEG pixels	Binary image Bit Bit pattern	Live loop Timbre .hex file .zip file	Loop Pitch Emulator	Boolean RFID analyst	Inferred wages NFC	Digital revolut GPS IoT Smart School/		Anonymity	





KS2 NC Objectives	What are we learning in Oak Class - Cycle B?									
Design, write and debug programs that	Computer Scien	nce			Information Te				Digital Literac	y .
accomplish specific goals, including	Hardware, net	works and data	Computationa	mputational thinking & Using software		Using email, the Internet and		Digital Literac	y Y	
controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into	representation.		Programming	-	-		wider technolo	gy.		
smaller parts. Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Select, use and come in a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.	of Bletchley Par historical figure	es, how the first ers were created breaking team w computers	of coding from children are in text-based pr language Pyth	ildren's knowledge n previous years, ntroduced to the rogramming on, which is the nd many apps and	Links to WW2 Children investi codes and how t created, explor hacking and lear passwords more Stop Motion An Collaboratively motion animation then decomposi Children will der abilities to edit their creations.	hey are ing 'brute force' in how to make secure. imation create a stop- n by sharing and ng their ideas. velop their	and become inc learners, they	Iren to quickly find information lependent need to develop skills and learn	Online safety Considering online communication and the effects on mental health and wellbeing.	
and presenting data and injernation.			Uppe	er Key Stage T	wo Vocabulary	/ Cycle B				
Tier 2 Vocab (words more	Invention	Technological	Algorithm	Code	Password	Trial and	Algorithm	Logo	Application	Bullying
frequently used)	Computer	advancement	Computer	Decompose	Sound effects	error	Data leak	Data privacy	(app)	Emoji
	CPU	Memory	command	Import	Touch screen	Trackpad	Inaccurate	Index	Hacked	Gif
	Mouse	storage	Variable	Loop	Animation	Design	information	Keywords	Interpreted	Judgement
	Radio				Animator	Duplicate	Online	Network	Reliable	reputation
					Background	Editing	Website		Permissions	
					Decompose	Frame				
					Upload	illusion				
Tier 3 Vocab (not	Byte	Background	Nested loop	Script	Acrostic code	Cipher	Page rank	TASK	Anonymity	Meme
frequently used except when	OS	noise	Random	libraries	Brute-force	Encryption	Wed crawler	WWW		Misinterprete
learning specific knowledge	RAM	ROM	numbers	Remix	hacking	Onion skinning				d
and skills)					Caesar cipher	Nth letter				
					Storyboard	cipher				
					Stop-motion	Pigeon cipher				
				AND SEQUENC			-		T	
The class teacher will highlight this LTP as they add it into their MTP to ensure		programs such as	51 5	rams to control	To know how to			nformation online		lles to keep safe
coverage.	word, PowerPoir			tes and external	equipment and equipment from		is not true and to start to gain			them. To be able
Each topic will start with time	other search er		robots where		home. To know	•	skills to spot t		to seek help if	
spent discussing what has previously been learnt and how the	the different t	<i>,</i> ,		eeded. The use of	computer netwo		referencing an	-	digital images seen online. To	
Freedow boom carrie and now the	(visual, audio, st	till and moving	repetition in s	sequencing and	basic knowledge	of the WWW.	use different s	search engines	understand the	at images are





	and the second				
current topic will build on previous	etc). To be able to design and	able to start to debug their own	To know what is safe and unsafe	and start to use communication	hard to get rid of once online
learning.	create and present information	and other programs.	behaviour online.	devices such as email.	and how to stay safe and keep
Key subject specific vocabulary will be taught in each topic.	digitally.				others safe online.
be laught in each topic.					1
					1

	Progression/Assessment Criteria – UKS2 – Y5						
	I know that external devices can be programmed by a separate computer.						
	I know the difference between ROM and RAM.						
	I can recognise how the size of RAM affects the processing of data.						
	Understanding the fetch, decode, execute cycle.						
	I know the vocabulary associated with data: data and transmit.						
	I know how the data for digital images can be compressed.						
	I can recognise that computers transfer data in binary and understanding simple binary addition.						
	I can relate binary signals (Boolean) to the simple character-based language, ASCII.						
	I know that messages can be sent by binary code, reading binary up to 8 characters and carrying out binary calculations.						
	I understan how bit patterns represent images as pixels.						
	I can decompose animations into a series of images.						
	I can decompose a program without support.						
	I can decompose a story to be able to plan a program to tell a story.						
	I can predict how software will work based on previous experience.						
	I can write more complex algorithms for a purpose.						
End of	I can program an animation.						
Year 5	I can iterate and develop my programming as I work.						
Objectives	I can begin to use nested loops (loops within loops).						
0.5300.1105	I can debug my own code.						
	I can write code to create a desired effect.						
	I can use a range of programming commands.						
	I can use repetition within a program.						
	I can amend code within a live scenario.						
	I can use logical thinking to explore software more independently, making predictions based on my previous experience.						
	I can use a software programme (Sonic Pi or Scratch) to create music.						
	I can use video editing software or animation software to animate.						
	I can identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc.						
	I can independently use 3D design software package TinkerCAD.						
	I can develop searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet.						
	I understand how apps can access our personal information and how to alter the permissions.						
	I understand how data is collected.						
	I know about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology.						
	I know about how permissions work and how to change them.						
	I can identify possible issues with online communication.						
	I can consider the effects of screen-time on physical and mental wellbeing.						
	I know about online bullying and where to seek advice.						





	<u>Progression/Assessment Criteria – LKS2 – Y6</u>
	I am beginning to learn about the history of computers and how they have evolved over time.
	I can use the understanding of historic computers to design a computer of the future.
	I understand and identifying barcodes, QR codes and RFID.
	I can identify devices and applications that can scan or read barcodes, QR codes and RFID.
	I know that corruption can happen within data during transfer (for example when downloading, installing, copying and updating files).
	I understand that computer networks provide multiple services.
	I can decompose a program into an algorithm.
	I can use past experiences to help solve new problems.
	I can write increasingly complex algorithms for a purpose.
	I can debug quickly and effectively to make a program more efficient.
	I can remix existing code to explore a problem.
	I can use and adapt nested loops.
	I can program using the language Python.
	I can change a program to personalise it.
End of	I can evaluate code to understand its purpose.
Year 6	I can predict code and adapt it to a chosen purpose.
	I can alter a website's code to create changes.
Objectives	I can use logical thinking to explore software independently, iterating ideas and testing continuously.
	I can use search and word processing skills to create a presentation.
	I can plan, record and editing a radio play.
	I can create and edit sound recordings for a specific purpose.
	I can create and editing videos, adding multiple elements: music, voiceover, sound, text and transitions to create a video advert.
	I can use design software TinkerCAD to design a product.
	I can create a website with embedded links and multiple pages.
	I understand how search engines work. I understand how barcodes, QR codes and RFID work.
	I understand now barcodes, QR codes and RFID work. I can gather and analysing data in real time.
	I can gainer and analysing data in real time. I can create formulas and sorting data within spreadsheets.
	I know about the Internet of Things and how it has led to 'big data'.
	I know about the internet of things and now it has led to big data. I know how 'big data' can be used to solve a problem or improve efficiency.
	I understand the importance of secure passwords and how to create them, along with two-step authentication.
	I can use search engines safely and effectively.
	I can use search engines safely and effectively. I can recognise that updated software can help to prevent data corruption and hacking.
	I can consider my own digital footprint and online reputation and future implications I may have.
	I know how to collect evidence and report online bullying concerns.