



Iceni Primary Academy Maths Long Term Plan

Maths planning at Iceni Academy Hockwold

| Class | Year | Scheme of learning followed | Notes |
|--------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Acorn | R | White Rose Maths scheme of learning | |
| Willow | 1 | White Rose scheme of learning version 3.0 | |
| Elm | 2 | White Rose scheme of learning version 3.0 | |
| Beech | 3/4 | White Rose scheme of learning version 3.0 mixed age teaching | |
| Oak | 5/6 | White Rose scheme of learning version 3.0 mixed age teaching | |

Years 1-6 will use White Rose 'small steps' which the subject leader has collated into one side-by-side document to demonstrate progression and aid adaptive teaching.

Daily Assessment for Learning is carried out in all classes to determine if a 'small step' can be moved on from and if resources/strategies other than those suggested by White Rose can be utilised effectively before moving on.

Resources and strategies chosen by teachers for their known effectiveness in teaching a small step will also be used.

NB Using White Rose small steps as a basis for teaching has been chosen as a new scheme of learning for our Academy from September 2022 for the following reasons:

- EEF recommendations about using manipulatives, concrete resources and representations more across all year groups
- Being able to combine Assessment for Learning with taking small steps and consolidating them as needed
- A consistent language of maths across the school
- Subject leader investigation into our previous Long Term Plan's interlocking at key termly assessment points using NTS tests; research into White Rose's fit with our testing arrangements demonstrated our bespoke Long Term Plan was no longer fit for purpose
- Preferred by Early Career Teachers and staff new to the school because of the additional planning and resourcing ideas in one place

Supporting documents: White Rose 'ready to progress' document which maps the national curriculum across years 1-6 for each topic against where it is covered within the small steps; White Rose Year 1-6 Calculation Policies for Addition and Subtraction/Multiplication and Division; Third Space Learning's 'The Ultimate Maths Vocabulary List' for Years 1-6 with definitions. ATT Maths Community action steps 24/25 will be creating Calc Policies.

Our new Maths Long Term Plan is a working document; once new 'small steps' are published for the next term they will be added as below

| Progression colour key: | Autumn Term colour | Spring Term colour | Summer Term colour |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|

EEF's Summary of recommendations for improving Maths in EYFS and KS1 (2020)

1

Develop practitioners' understanding of how children learn mathematics



- Professional development should be used to raise the quality of practitioner' knowledge of mathematics, of children's mathematical development and of effective mathematical pedagogy.
- Developmental progressions show us how children typically learn mathematical concepts and can inform teaching.
- Practitioners should be aware that developing a secure grasp of early mathematical ideas takes time, and specific skills may emerge in different orders.
- The development of selfregulation and metacognitive skills are linked to successful learning in early mathematics.

2

Dedicate time for children to learn mathematics and integrate mathematics throughout the day



- Dedicate time to focus on mathematics each day.
- Explore mathematics through different contexts, including storybooks, puzzles, songs, rhymes, puppet play, and games.
- Make the most of moments throughout the day to highlight and use mathematics, for example, in daily routines, play activities, and other curriculum areas.
- Seize chances to reinforce mathematical vocabulary.
- Create opportunities for extended discussion of mathematical ideas with children.

3

Use manipulatives and representations to develop understanding



- Manipulatives and representations can be powerful tools for supporting young children to engage with mathematical ideas.
- Ensure that children understand the links between the manipulatives and the mathematical ideas they represent.
- Ensure that there is a clear rationale for using a particular manipulative or representation to teach a specific mathematical concept.
- Encourage children to represent problems in their own way, for example with drawings and marks.
- Use manipulatives and representations to encourage discussion about mathematics.
- Encourage children to use their fingers—an important manipulative for children.

4

Ensure that teaching builds on what children already know



- It is important to assess what children do, and do not, know in order to extend learning for all children
- A variety of methods should be used to assess children's mathematical understanding, and practitioners should check what children know in a variety of contexts.
- Carefully listen to children's responses and consider the right questions to ask to reveal understanding.
- Information collected should be used to inform next steps for teaching. Developmental progressions can be useful in informing decisions around what a child should learn next.

5

Use high quality targeted support to help all children learn mathematics



- High quality targeted support can provide effective extra support for children.
- Small-group support is more likely to be effective when:
- a. children with the greatest needs are supported by the most experienced staff;
- training, support and resources are provided for staff using targeted activities;
- sessions are brief and regular;
 and
- explicit connections are made between targeted support and everyday activities or teaching.
- Using an approach or programme that is evidencebased and has been independently evaluated is a good starting point.



Improving Mathematics in Key Stages Two and Three - Recommendations Summary

1

Use assessment to build on pupils' existing knowledge and understanding

- Assessment should be used not only to track pupils' learning but also to provide teachers with information about what pupils do and do not know
- This should inform the planning of future lessons and the focus of targeted support
- Effective feedback will be an important element of teachers' response to assessment
- Feedback should be specific and clear, encourage and support further effort, and be diven sparingly.
- Teachers not only have to address misconceptions but also understand why pupils may persist with errors
- Knowledge of common misconceptions can be invaluable in planning lessons to address errors before they arise

2

Use manipulatives and representation

- Manipulatives (physical objects used to teach maths) and representations (such as number lines and graphs) can help pupils engage with mathematical ideas
- However, manipulatives and representations are just tools: how they are used is essential
- They need to be used purposefully and appropriately to have an impact
- There must be a clear rationale for using a perticular manipulative or representation to teach a specific mathematical concept
- Manipulatives should be temporary; they should act as a 'scaffold' that can be removed once independence is achieved

3

Teach pupils strategies for solving problem

- If pupils lack a well-rehearsed and readily available method to solve a problem they need to draw on problemsolving strategies to make sense of the unfamiliar situation
- Select problemsolving tasks for which pupils do not have ready-made solutions
- Teach them to use and compare different approaches
- Show them how to interrogate and use their existing knowledge to solve problems
- Use worked examples to enable them to analyse the use of different strategies
- Require pupils to monitor, reflect on, and communicate their problem solving

4

Enable pupils to develop a rich network of mathematical knowledge

- Emphasise the many connections between mathematical facts, procedures, and concepts
- Ensure that pupils develop fluent recall of facts
- Teach pupils to understand procedures
- Teach pupils to consciously choose between mathematical strategies
- Build on pupils' informal understanding of sharing and proportionality to introduce procedures
- Teach pupils that fractions and decimals extend the number system beyond whole numbers
- Teach pupils to recognise and use mathematical structure

5

Develop pupils' independence and motivation

- Encourage pupils to take responsibility for, and play an active role in, their own learning
- This requires pupils to develop metacognition – the ability to independently plan, monitor and evaluate their thinking and learning
- Initially, teachers may have to model metacognition by describing their own thinking
- Provide regular opportunities for pupils to develop metacognition by encouraging them to explain their thinking to themselves and others
- Avoid doing too much too early
- Positive attitudes are important, but there is scant evidence on the most effective ways to foster them
- School leaders should ensure that all staff, including non-teaching staff, encourage enjoyment in maths for all children

6

Use tasks and resources to challenge and support pupils' mathematics

- Tasks and resources are just tools – they will not be effective if they are used inappropriately by the teacher
- Use assessment of pupils' strengths and weaknesses to inform your choice of task
- Use tasks to address pupil misconceptions
- Provide examples and non-examples of concepts
- Use stories and problems to help pupils understand mathematics
- Use tasks to build conceptual knowledge in tandem with procedural knowledge
- Technology is not a silver builet – it has to be used judiciously and less costly resources may be just as effective

7

Use structured interventions to provide additional support

- Selection should be guided by pupil assessment
- Interventions should start early, be evidence-based and be carefully planned
- Interventions should include explicit and systematic instruction
- Even the bestdesigned intervention will not work if implementation is poor.
- Support pupils to understand how interventions are connected to wholeclass instruction
- Interventions should motivate pupils – not bore them or cause them to be anxious
- If interventions cause pupils to miss activities they enjoy, or content they need to learn, teachers should ask if the interventions are really necessary
- Avoid 'intervention fatigue'. Interventions do not always need to be timeconsuming or intensive to be effective

8

Support pupils to make a successful transition between primary and secondary school

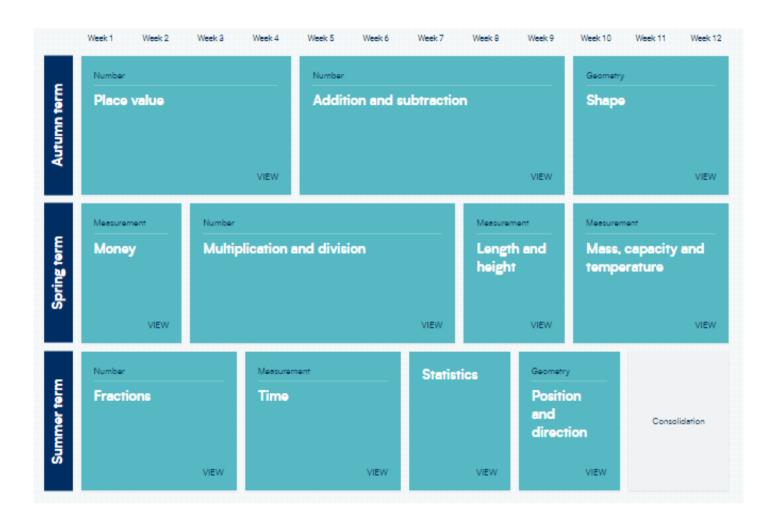
- There is a large dip in mathematical attainment and attitudes towards maths as children move from primary to secondary school
- Primary and secondary schools should develop shared understandings of curriculum, teaching and learning
- When pupils arrive in Year 7, quickly attain a good understanding of their strengths and weaknesses
- Structured intervention support may be required for Year 7 pupils who are struggling to make progress
- Carefully consider how pupils are allocated to maths classes
- Setting is likely to lead to a widening of the attainment gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers, because the former are more likely to be assigned to lower groups



| | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Autumn term | Getting to k | now you | Match, sort and compare | VIEW | Talk about m and patterns | | It's me 1, 2, 3 | VIEW | Main Circles and tri | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | VIEW | Shapes with 4 |
| Spring term | Alive in 5 | VIEW | Mass and capa | Growing 6. 7. 8 | VIEW | Length, heig | ht and time VIEW | Building 9 an | nd 10 | VIEW | Explore 3-D shapes | VIEW |
| Summerterm | To 20 and be | yond VIEW | How many now? | Manipulate, o and decompo | compose ose VIEW | Sharing and | grouping VIEW | Visualise, bui and map | ild | VIEW | Make connecti | Consolidation |





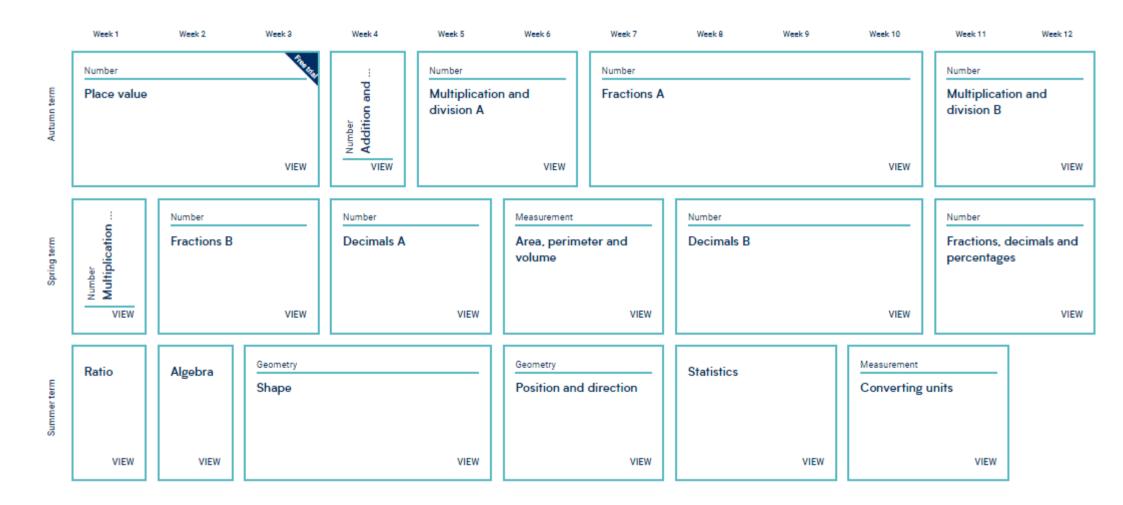




Beech Class Y3/4

| | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Autumn term | Number Place value | | | VIEW | Number Addition ar | nd subtraction | | VIEW | Number Multiplicatio | n and division A | A VIEW | Measurement Area |
| Spring term | Number Multiplicatio | n and division | B | Measurement Length and p | perimeter VIEW | Number Fractions A | | VIEW | Measurement Mass and ca | pacity VIEW | Number Fractions B | VIEW |
| Summer term | Measurement Time | VIEW | Number Decimals | | VIEW | Measurement Money | VIEW | Geometry Shape | VIEW | Geometry Position and | Statistics | VIEW |





Place Value Progression (EYFS with KS1 from p25)

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | Roman numerals | Roman numerals to 1,000 | | | |
| Sort objects | Numbers to 20 | Represent numbers to 100 | Represent numbers to 1,000 | Numbers to 10,000 | | | |
| Count objects | Count objects to 100 by making 10s | Partition numbers to 100 | Partition numbers to 1,000 | Numbers to 100,000 | Numbers to 1,000,000 | | |
| Count objects from a larger group | Recognise 10 and 1s | Number line to 100 | Number line to 1,000 | Numbers to 1,000,000 | Numbers to 10,000,000 | | |
| Represent objects | Use a place value chart | Hundreds | Thousands | Read and write numbers to 1,000,000 | Read and write numbers to 10,000,000 | | |
| Recognise number as words | Partition numbers to 100 | Represent numbers to 1,000 | Represent numbers to 10,000 | Powers of 10 | Powers of 10 | | |
| Count on from any number | Write numbers to 100 in words | Partition numbers to 1,000 | Partition numbers to 10,000 | 10/100/1,000/10,000/100,000 more or less | | | |
| 1 more | Flexibly partition numbers to 100 | Flexible partitioning of numbers to 1,000 | Flexible partitioning of number to 10,000 | Partition numbers to 1,000,000 | | | |
| Count backwards within 10 | Write numbers to 100 in expanded form | Hundreds, tens and ones | Find 1, 10, 100, 1,000 less | Number line to 1,000,000 | Number line to 10,000,000 | | |
| 1 less | | Find 1, 10 or 100 more or less | Number line to 10,000 | Compare and order numbers to 100,000 | Compare and order any | | |
| Compare groups by matching | 10s on the number line to 100 | Number line to 1,000 | Estimate on a number line to 10,000 | Compare and order numbers to 1,000,000 | integers | | |
| Fewer, more, same | 10s and 1s on the number line to 100 | Compare numbers to 1,000 | Compare numbers to 10,000 | | | | |
| Less than, greater than, equal to | Estimate numbers on a number line | Order numbers to 1,000 | Order numbers to 10,000 | | Round any integer | | |
| Compare numbers | Compare objects | Count in 50s | | | | | |
| Order objects and numbers | Order objects and numbers | | Round to the nearest 10 | Round to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000 | | | |
| The number line | Count in 2s, 5s, 10s | | Round to the nearest 100 | Round within 100,000 | | | |
| Count within 20 | Count in 3s | | Round to the nearest 1,000 | Round within 1,000,000 | | | |
| Understand 10 | | | Round to the nearest 10,100 or 1,000 | | | | |
| Understand 11, 12 and 13 | | | | Understand negative numbers | Negative numbers | | |
| Understand 14, 15 and 16 | | | | Count through zero in 1s | | | |
| Understand 17, 18 and 19 | | | | Count through zero in multiples | | | |
| Understand 20 | | | | Compare and order negative numbers | | | |
| 1 more and 1 less | | | | Find the difference | | | |
| The number line to 20 | | | | | | | |
| Use a number line to 20 | | | | | | | |

| Estimate on a number line to | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 20 | | | |
| Compare numbers to 20 | | | |
| Order numbers to 20 | | | |
| Count from 20 to 50 | | | |
| 20, 30, 40 and 50 | | | |
| Count by making groups of | | | |
| tens | | | |
| Groups of tens and ones | | | |
| Partition into tens and ones | | | |
| The number line to 50 | | | |
| Estimate on a number line to | | | |
| 50 | | | |
| 1 more, 1 less | | | |
| Count from 50 to 100 | | | |
| Tens to 100 | | | |
| Partition into tens and ones | | | |
| The number line to 100 | | | |
| 1 more, 1 less | | | |
| Compare numbers with the | | | |
| same number of tens | | | |
| Compare any two numbers | | | |

Addition and Subtraction Progression

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | Mental strategies | |
| Introduce parts and wholes | Bonds to 10 | Apply number bonds within 10 | Add and subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1000s | Add whole numbers with more than four digits | Add and antitude into annual |
| Part-whole model | Face families – addition and subtraction bonds within 20 | Add and subtract 1s | Add up to two 4-digit numbers – no exchange | Subtract whole numbers with more than four digits | Add and subtract integers |
| Write number sentences | Related facts | Add and subtract 10s | Add two 4-digit numbers – one exchange | Round to check answers | |
| Fact families – addition facts | Bonds to 100 (tens) | Add and subtract 100s | Add two 4-digit numbers – more than one exchange | Inverse operation + and - | |
| Number bonds within 10 | Add and subtract 1s | Spot the pattern | Subtract two 4-digit numbers – no exchange | Multi-step + and - problems | |
| Systematic number bonds within 10 | Add by making 10 | Add 1s across a 10 | Subtract two 4-digit numbers – one exchange | Compare calculations | |
| Number bonds to 10 | Add three 1-digit numbers | Add 10s across a 100 | Subtract two 4-digit numbers – more than one exchange | Find missing numbers | |
| Addition – add together | Add to the next 10 | Add 10s across a 100 | Efficient subtraction | | |
| Addition – add more | Add across 10 | Subtract 1s across a 10 | Estimate answers | | |
| Addition problems | Subtract across 10 | Subtract 10s across a 100 | Checking strategies | | |
| Find a part | Subtract from a 10 | Make connections | | | |
| Subtraction – find a part | Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2-digit number (across a 10) | Add two numbers (no exchange) | | | |
| Fact families - the eight facts | 10 more, 10 less | Add two numbers (across a 10) | | | |
| Subtraction – take away/cross out (How many left?) | Add and subtract 10s | Add two numbers (across a 100) | | | |
| Take away (How many left?) | Add two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10) | Subtract two numbers (across a 10) | | | |
| Subtraction on a number line | Add two 2-digit numbers (across a 10) | Subtract two numbers (across a 100) | | | |
| Add or subtract 1 or 2 | Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10) | Add 2-digit and 3-digit numbers | | | |
| Add by counting on within 20 | Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a 10) | Subtract a 2-digit number from a 3-digit number | | | |
| Add ones using number bonds | Mixed addition and subtraction | Complements to 100 | | | |
| Find and make number bonds to 20 | Compare number sentences | Estimate answers | | | |
| Doubles | Miss number problems | Inverse operations | | | |

| Near doubles | Make decisions | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Subtract ones using number | | | |
| bonds | | | |
| Subtraction – counting back | | | |
| Subtraction – finding the | | | |
| difference | | | |
| Related facts | | | |
| Missing number problems | | | |

Multiplication and Division Progression

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Times tables | Times tables | Times tables | Times tables | Times tables | Times tables | |
| 0x and 1x Autumn | • 2x, 5x, 10x Autumn | • 4x, 8x Autumn Term | Weekly MTC Practice | STICKY SUMS | STICKY SUMS | |
| Term | Term | • 11x, 12x Autumn | STICKY SUMS | Continued MTC until | Rolling numbers | |
| 10x Spring Term | • 3x, 6x, 9x Spring | Term | Rolling numbers | passed | Weekly Arithmetic papers | |
| 5x Summer Term | Term | All tables Autumn | | Rolling numbers | | |
| 15 times table | Revision of all tables | Term | | Weekly Arithmetic papers | | |
| question tests each | so far Summer Term | | | | | |
| half term | | | | | | |
| Digibugs for Y1 will just be a | Digibugs – run a numbered | MTC practice | | | | |
| weekly lettered Digibug – not | Digibug and a letter each | Rolling numbers | | | | |
| the curriculum ones – the | week (if ready move to Club | | | | | |
| times table ones | 99 and a numbered Digibug | | | | | |
| Rolling Numbers | Rolling numbers | | | | | |
| Count in 2s | Recognise equal groups | Multiplication – equal groups | Multiples of 3 | Multiples | Common multiples | |
| Count in 10s | Make equal groups | Use arrays | Multiply and divide by 6 | Common multiples | | |
| Count in 5s | Add equal groups | Multiples of 2 | 6 times-table and division | Factors | | |
| Recognise equal groups | Introduce the x symbol | Multiples of 5 and 10 | facts Multiply and divide by 9 | Common factors | Common factors | |
| Add equal groups | Multiplication sentences | Sharing and grouping | 9 times-table and division | Prime numbers | Primes to 100 | |
| Add equal groups | ividitiplication sentences | Stratting and grouping | facts | Fillie Hullibers | Frimes to 100 | |
| Make arrays | Use arrays | Multiply by 3 | The 3, 6 and 9 times tables | Square numbers | Square and cube numbers | |
| Make doubles | Make equal groups - grouping | Divide by 3 | Multiply and divide by 7 | Cube numbers | square and case nameers | |
| Make equal groups - grouping | Make equal groups - sharing | The 3 times-table | 7 times-table and division facts | Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 | | |
| Make equal groups – sharing. | The 2 times-table | Multiply by 4 | 11 times-table and division facts | Divide by 10, 100, 1,000 | | |
| | Divide by 2 (introduce to ÷ sign) | Divide by 4 | 12 times-table and division facts | Multiples of 10, 100, 1,000 | | |
| | Doubling and halving | The 4 times-table | Multiply by 1 and 0 | Multiply up to a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number | Rules of divisibility | |
| | Odd and even numbers | Multiply by 8 | Divide a number by 1 and itself | Multiply a 2-digit number by a 2-digit number (area model) | Multiply up to a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number | |
| | The 10 times table | Divide by 8 | Multiply three numbers | Multiply a 2-digit number by a | Solve problems with | |
| | | | | 2-digit number | multiplication | |

| | | TI 0.11 | | AA III AA III AA II AA | |
|----|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| D | ivide by 10 | The 8 times-table | Factor pairs | Multiply a 3-digit number by a | Short division |
| | | | | 2-digit number | |
| Th | he 5 times table | The 2, 4 and 8 times-tables | Use factor pairs | Multiply a 4-digit number by a | Division using factors |
| | | | | 2-digit number | |
| D | ivide by 5 | Multiples of 10 | Multiply by 10 | Solve problems with | Introduction to long division |
| | | | | multiplication | |
| T | he 5 and 10 times tables | Related calculations | Multiply by 100 | Short division | Long division with remainders |
| | | Reasoning about | Divide by 10 | Divide a 4-digit number by a | Solve problems with division |
| | | multiplication | | 1-digit number | |
| | | Multiply a 2-digit number by a | Divide by 100 | Divide with remainders | Solve multi-step problems |
| | | 1-digit number – no exchange | , | | |
| | | Multiply a 2-digit number by a | Related facts – multiplication | Efficient division | Order of operations |
| | | 1-digit number – with | and division | | |
| | | exchange | | | |
| | | Link multiplication and | Informal written methods for | Solve problems with | Mental calculations and |
| | | division | multiplication | multiplication and division | estimation |
| | | Divide a 2-digit number by a | Multiply a 2-digit number by a | | Reason from known facts |
| | | 1-digit number – no exchange | 1-digit number | | |
| | | Divide a 2-digit number by a | Multiply a 3-digit number by a | | |
| | | 1-digit number – flexible | 1-digit number | | |
| | | partitioning | | | |
| | | Divide a 2-digit number by a | Divide a 2-digit number by a | | |
| | | 1-digit number – with | 1-digit number (1) | | |
| | | remainders | . , , | | |
| | | Scaling | Divide a 2-digit number by a | | |
| | | | 1-digit number (2) | | |
| | | How many ways? | Divide a 3-digit number by a | | |
| | | | 1-digit number | | |
| | | | Correspondence problems | | |
| | | | Efficient multiplication | | |

| Fractions Progression | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | | | |
| Recognise a half of an object or a shape | Introduction to parts and whole Equal and unequal parts | Understand the denominators of unit fractions | Understand the whole Count beyond 1 | Find fractions equivalent to a unit fraction Find fractions equivalent to a | Equivalent fractions and | | | |
| Find a half of an object or a shape | | Compare and order unit fractions | · | non-unit fractions | simplifying Equivalent fractions on a | | | |
| Recognise a half of a quantity | Recognise a half | Understand the numerators of non-unit fractions | Partition a mixed number | Recognise equivalent fractions | number line | | | |
| Find a half of a quantity | Find a half | Understand the whole | Number lines and mixed numbers | Convert improper fractions to mixed numbers | | | | |
| Recognise a quarter of an object or a shape | Recognise a quarter | Compare and order non-unit fractions | Compare and order mixed numbers | Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions | | | | |
| Find a quarter of an object or a shape | Find a quarter | Fractions and scales | Understand improper fractions | Compare fractions less than 1 | Compare and order | | | |
| Recognise a quarter of a quantity | Recognise a third | Fractions on a number line | Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions | Order fractions less than 1 | (denominator) Compare and order | | | |
| Find a quarter of a quantity | Find a third | Count in fractions on a number line | Convert improper fractions to mixed numbers | Compare and order fractions greater than 1 | (numerator) | | | |
| | Find the whole | Equivalent fractions on a number line | Equivalent fractions on a number line | Add and subtract fractions within the same denominator | Add and subtract simple fractions | | | |
| | Unit fractions | Equivalent fractions as bar models | Equivalent fraction families | Add fractions within 1 | Add and subtract any two fractions | | | |
| | Non-unit fractions | Add fractions | Add two or more fractions | Add fractions with total greater than 1 | Add mixed numbers Subtract mixed numbers | | | |

| Recognise the equivalence of | Subtract fractions | Add fractions and mixed | Add to a mixed number | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| a half and two-quarters | Subtract fractions | numbers | Add to a mixed mamber | |
| Recognise three-quarters | Partition the whole | Subtract two fractions | Add two mixed numbers | |
| Find three-quarters | Unit fractions of a set of | Subtract from whole amounts | Subtract fractions | |
| · | objects | | | |
| Count in fractions up to a whole | Non-unit fractions of a set of objects | Subtract from mixed numbers | Subtract from a mixed number | |
| WHOLE | Reasoning with fractions of an | Tenths as fractions | Subtract from a mixed | |
| | | Tentis as fractions | number – breaking the whole | |
| | amount | Tenths as decimals | Subtract two mixed fractions | |
| | | | | |
| | | Tenths on a place value chart | Multiply a unit fraction by an integer | Multi-step problems |
| | | Tenths on a number line | Multiply a non-unit fraction by an integer | |
| | | Divide a 1-digit number by 10 | Multiply a mixed number by an integer | Multiply fractions by integers |
| | | Divide a 2-digit number by 10 | Calculate a fraction of a quantity | Multiply fractions by fractions |
| | | Hundredths as fractions | Fraction of an amount | Divide a fraction by an integer |
| | | Hundredths as decimals | Find the whole | Divide any fraction by an integer |
| | | Hundredths on a place value chart | Use fractions as operators | Mixed questions with fractions |
| | | Step 10 Divide a 1- or 2-digit number by 100 | Decimals up to 2 decimal places | Fraction of an amount |
| | | Make a whole with tenths | Equivalent fractions and decimals (tenths) | Fraction of an amount – find the whole |
| | | Make a whole with | Equivalent fractions and | Ratio |
| | | hundredths | decimals (hundredths) | |
| | | Partition decimals | Equivalent fractions and decimals | Add or multiply? |
| | | Flexibly partition decimals | Thousandths as fractions | Use ratio language |
| | | Compare decimals | Thousandths as decimals | Introduction to the ratio symbol |
| | | Order decimals | Thousandths on a place value chart | Ratio and fractions |
| | | Round to the nearest whole number | Order and compare decimals (same number of decimal places) | Scale drawing |
| | | Halves and quarters as decimals | Order and compare any decimals with up to 3 decimal places | Use scale factors |

| | T | Round to the nearest whole | Similar shapes |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | number | Similar Shapes |
| | | | Datia maklama |
| | | Round to 1 decimal place | Ratio problems |
| | | Understand percentages | Proportion problems |
| | | Percentages as fractions | Recipes |
| | | | Decimals continued |
| | | Percentages as decimals | Place value within 1 |
| | | Equivalent fractions, decimals | Place value – integers and |
| | | and percentages | decimals |
| | | Use known facts to add and | Round decimals |
| | | subtract decimals within 1 | |
| | | Complements to 1 | Add and subtract decimals |
| | | Add and subtract decimals | Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 |
| | | across 1 | |
| | | Add decimals with the same | Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000 |
| | | number of decimal places | |
| | | Subtract decimals with the | Multiply decimals by integers |
| | | same number of decimal | , , , |
| | | places | |
| | | Add decimals with different | Divide decimals by integers |
| | | numbers of decimal places | , 8 |
| | | Subtract decimals with | Multiply and divide decimals |
| | | different numbers of decimal | in context |
| | | places | |
| | | Efficient strategies for adding | Decimal and fraction |
| | | and subtracting decimals | equivalents |
| | | Decimal sequences | Fractions as division |
| | | Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 | Understand percentages |
| | | Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000 | Fractions to percentages |
| | | Multiply and divide decimals – | Equivalent fractions, decimals |
| | | missing values | and percentages |
| | | Inissing values | Order fractions, decimals and |
| | | | |
| | | | percentages of an amount |
| | | | Percentage of an amount – |
| | | | one step |
| | | | Percentage of an amount – |
| | | | multi-step |

| Measures Progression | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Compare lengths and heights | Count money – pence | Measure in metres and centimetres | What is area? | | Metric measures |
| Measure length using objects | Count money – pounds (notes and coins) | Measure in millimetres | Count squares | | Convert metric measures |
| Measure length in centimetres | Count money – pounds and pence | Measure in centimetres and millimetres | Make shapes | | Calculate with metric measures |
| Heavier and lighter | Choose notes and coins | Metres, centimetres and millimetres | Compare areas | | Miles and kilometres |
| Measure and mass | Make the same amount | Equivalent lengths (metres and centimetres) | Measure in kilometres and metres | | Imperial measures |
| Compare mass | Compare amounts of money | Equivalent lengths (centimetres and millimetres) | Equivalent lengths (kilometres and metres) | Perimeter of rectangles | Shapes – same area |
| Full and empty | Calculate with money | Compare lengths | Perimeter on a grid | Perimeter of rectilinear shapes | Area and perimeter |
| Compare volume | Make a pound | Add lengths | Perimeter of a rectangle | Perimeter of polygons | Area of a triangle – counting squares |
| Measure capacity | Find change | Subtract lengths | Perimeter of rectilinear shapes | Area of rectangles | Area of a right-angled triangle |
| Compare capacity | Two-step problems | What is a perimeter? | Find missing lengths in rectilinear shapes | Area of compound shapes | Area of any triangle |
| Money | Measure in centimetres | Measure perimeter | Calculate perimeter of rectilinear shapes | Estimate area | Area of a parallelogram |
| Unitising | Measure in metres | Calculate perimeter | Perimeter of regular polygons | Kilograms and kilometres | Volume – counting cubes |
| Recognise coins | Compare lengths and heights | Use scales | Perimeter of polygons | Millimetres and millilitres | Volume of a cuboid |

| Recognise notes | Order lengths and heights | Measure mass in grams | | Convert units of length | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Count in coins | Four operations with lengths | Measure mass in kg and | Money | Convert between metric and | |
| | and heights | grams | · | imperial units | |
| Time | Compare mass | Equivalent masses (kg and g) | Write money using decimals | Convert units of time | |
| Before and after | Measure in grams | Compare mass | Convert between pounds and pence | Calculate with timetables | |
| Days of the week | Measure in kilograms | Add and subtract mass | Compare amounts of money | Cubic centimetres | |
| Months of the year | Four operations with mass | Measure capacity and volume in millimetres | Estimate with money | Compare volume | |
| Hours, minutes and seconds | Compare volume and capacity | Measure capacity and volume in litres and millilitres | Calculate with money | Estimate volume | |
| Tell the time to the hour | Measure in millilitres | Equivalent capacities and volumes (litres and millilitres) | Solve problems with money | Estimate capacity | |
| Tell the time to the half hour | Measure in litres | Compare capacity and volume | Time | | |
| | Four operations with volume and capacity | Add and subtract capacity and volume | Years, months, weeks and days | | |
| | Temperature | Money | Hours, minutes and seconds | | |
| | Time | Pounds and pence | Convert between analogue and digital times | | |
| | O'clock and half past | Convert pounds and pence | Convert to the 24 hour clock | | |
| | Quarter past and quarter to | Add money | Convert from the 24 hour | | |
| | | · | clock | | |
| | Tell the time past the hour | Subtract money | | | |
| | Tell the time to the hour | Find change | | | |
| | Tell the time to 5 minutes | Time | | | |
| | Minutes in an hour | Roman numerals to 12 | | | |
| | Hours in a day | Tell the time to 5 minutes | | | |
| | | Tell the time to the minute | | | |
| | | Read time on a digital clock | | _ | |
| | | Use am and pm | | | |
| | | Years, months and days | | | |
| | | Days and hours | | | |
| | | Hours and minutes – use start | | | |
| | | and end of starts | | | |
| | | Hours and minutes - use durations | | | |
| | | Minutes and seconds | | | |
| | | Units of time | | | |
| | | Solve problems with time | | | |
| | | Joive problems with time | | | |

| Shape Progression (Geometry) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Recognise and name 3D shapes | Recognise 2D and 3D shapes | Turns and angles | Understand angles as turns | Understand and use degrees | Measure and classify angles |
| Sort 3D shapes | Count sides on 2D shapes | Right angles | Identify angles | Classify angles | Calculate angles |
| Recognise and name 2D shapes | Count vertices on 2D shapes | Compare angles | Compare and order angles | Estimate angles | Vertically opposite angles |
| Sort 2D shapes | Draw 2D shapes | Measure and draw accurately | Triangles | Measure angles up to 180° | Angles in a triangle |
| Patterns with 2D and 3D shapes | Lines of symmetry on shapes | Horizontal and vertical | Quadrilaterals | Draw lines and angles accurately | Angles in a triangle – special cases |
| | Use lines of symmetry to complete shapes | Parallel and perpendicular | Polygons | Calculate angles around a point | Angles in a triangle – missing angles |
| | Sort 2D shapes | Recognise and describe 2D shapes | Lines of symmetry | Calculate angles on a straight line | Angles in a quadrilateral |
| | Count faces on 3D shapes | Draw polygons | Complete a symmetric figure | Lengths and angles in shapes | Angles in polygons |
| | Count edges on 3D shapes | Recognise and describe 3-D shapes | | Regular and irregular polygons | Circles |
| | Count vertices on 3D shapes | Make 3D shapes | | 3D shapes | Draw shapes accurately |
| | Sort 3D shapes | | | | Nets of 3D shapes |
| | Make patterns with 2D and 3D shapes | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|--------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Make tally charts | Interpret pictograms | Interpret charts | Draw line graphs | Line graphs |
| | Tables | Draw pictograms | Comparison, sum and difference | Read and interpret line graphs | Dual bar charts |
| | Block diagrams | Interpret bar charts | Interpret line graphs | Read and interpret tables | Read and interpret pie charts |
| | Draw pictograms (1-1) | Draw bar charts | Draw line graphs | Two-way tables | Pie charts with percentages |
| | Interpret pictograms (1-1) | Collect and represent data | | Read and interpret timetables | Draw pie charts |
| | Draw pictograms (2,5,and 10) | Two-way tables | | Read and interpret line graphs | The Mean |
| | Interpret pictograms (2,5 and 10) | | | Read and interpret tables | |

Geometry Progression (Position and Direction)

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Describe turns | Language of position | | Describe position using coordinates | Read and plot coordinates | The first quadrant |
| Describe position – left and right | Describe movement | | Plot coordinates | Problem solving with coordinates | Read and plot points in four quadrants |
| Describe position – forwards and backwards | Describe turns | | Draw 2D shapes on a grid | Translation | Solve problems with coordinates |
| Describe position – above and below | Describe movement and turns | | Translate on a grid | Translation with coordinates | Translations |
| Ordinal numbers | Shape patterns with turn | | Describe translation on a grid | Lines of symmetry Reflection in horizontal and vertical lines | Reflections |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Algeb | ra | Progre | ssion |
|-------|----|---------------|-------|
|-------|----|---------------|-------|

| | | 9 | 0 | | |
|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------------------------|
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| | | | | | 1-step function machines |
| | | | | | 2-step function machines |

| | | Form expressions |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| | | Substitution |
| | | Formulae |
| | | Form equations |
| | | Solve 1-step equations |
| | | Solve 2-step equations |
| | | Find pairs of values |
| | | Solve problems with two |
| | | unknowns |

KS1 with EYFS

| Place Value Progression | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | | | |
| Match, Sort and Compare | | | | | |
| Match objects | Sort objects | Numbers to 20 | | | |
| Match pictures and objects | Count objects | Count objects to 100 by making 10s | | | |
| Identify a set | Count objects from a larger group | Recognise 10 and 1s | | | |
| Sort objects to a type | Represent objects | Use a place value chart | | | |
| Explore sorting techniques | Recognise number as words | Partition numbers to 100 | | | |
| Create sorting rules | Count on from any number | Write numbers to 100 in words | | | |
| Compare amounts | 1 more | Flexibly partition numbers to 100 | | | |
| | Count backwards within 10 | Write numbers to 100 in expanded form | | | |
| It's me – 1 2 3 | 1 less | | | | |
| Find 1,2,3 | Compare groups by matching | 10s on the number line to 100 | | | |
| Subitise 1, 2, 3 | Fewer, more, same | 10s and 1s on the number line to 100 | | | |
| | Less than, greater than, equal to | Estimate numbers on a number line | | | |
| 1,2,3,4,5 | Compare numbers | Compare objects | | | |
| Find 4 and 5 | Order objects and numbers | Order objects and numbers | | | |

| Subitise 4 and 5 | The number line | Count in 2s, 5s, 10s |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Represent 4 and 5 | Count within 20 | Count in 3s |
| | Understand 10 | |
| Alive in 5 | Understand 11, 12 and 13 | |
| Introducing zero | Understand 14, 15 and 16 | |
| Find zero to 5 | Understand 17, 18 and 19 | |
| Subitise zero to 5 | Understand 20 | |
| Represent zero to 5 | 1 more and 1 less | |
| | The number line to 20 | |
| Growing 6,7,8 | Use a number line to 20 | |
| Find 6,7,8 | Estimate on a number line to 20 | |
| Represent 6,7,8 | Compare numbers to 20 | |
| One more | Order numbers to 20 | |
| | Count from 20 to 50 | |
| Building 9 and 10 | 20, 30, 40 and 50 | |
| Find 8 and 10 | Count by making groups of tens | |
| Compare numbers to 10 | Groups of tens and ones | |
| Represent 9 and 10 | Partition into tens and ones | |
| Conceptual subitising to 10 | The number line to 50 | |
| One more | Estimate on a number line to 50 | |
| One less | 1 more, 1 less | |
| Composition to 10 | Count from 50 to 100 | |
| Bonds to 10 in two part | Tens to 100 | |
| Make arrangements to 10 | Partition into tens and ones | |
| Bonds to 10 in 3 parts | The number line to 100 | |
| Doubles to 10 (find) | 1 more, 1 less | |
| Doubles to 10 (make) | Compare numbers with the | |
| , | same number of tens | |
| Explore even and odd | Compare any two numbers | |
| To 20 and beyond | , | |
| Build numbers beyond 10 (to 13) | | |
| Continue patterns beyond 10 | | |
| (to 13) Build numbers beyond 10 (14- | | |
| 20) | | |
| Continue patterns beyond 10 (14-20) | | |
| Verbal counting beyond 20 | | |
| Verbal counting patterns | | |

| Addition and Subtraction Progression | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| How many now? | | |
| Add more | Introduce parts and wholes | Bonds to 10 |
| How many did I add? | Part-whole model | Face families – addition and |
| - 1 | | subtraction bonds within 20 |
| Take away | Write number sentences | Related facts |
| How many did I take away? | Fact families – addition facts | Bonds to 100 (tens) |
| | Number bonds within 10 | Add and subtract 1s |
| | Systematic number bonds within 10 | Add by making 10 |
| | Number bonds to 10 | Add three 1-digit numbers |
| | Addition – add together | Add to the next 10 |
| | Addition – add more | Add across 10 |
| | Addition problems | Subtract across 10 |
| | Find a part | Subtract from a 10 |
| | Subtraction – find a part | Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2- |
| | · | digit number (across a 10) |
| | Fact families - the eight facts | 10 more, 10 less |
| | Subtraction – take away/cross out (How many left?) | Add and subtract 10s |
| | Take away (How many left?) | Add two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10) |
| | Subtraction on a number line | Add two 2-digit numbers (across a 10) |
| | Add or subtract 1 or 2 | Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10) |
| | Add by counting on within 20 | Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a 10) |
| | Add ones using number bonds | Mixed addition and subtraction |
| | Find and make number bonds to 20 | Compare number sentences |
| | Doubles | Miss number problems |
| | Near doubles | |
| | Subtract ones using number bonds | |
| | Subtraction – counting back | |
| | Subtraction – finding the difference | |
| | Related facts | |
| | Missing number problems | |

| Multiplication and Division Progression | | |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| Sharing and Grouping | Count in 2s | Recognise equal groups |
| Explore sharing | Count in 10s | Make equal groups |
| Sharing | Count in 5s | Add equal groups |
| Explore grouping | Recognise equal groups | Introduce the x symbol |
| Grouping | Add equal groups | Multiplication sentences |
| | Make arrays | Use arrays |
| | Make doubles | Make equal groups - grouping |
| | Make equal groups - grouping | Make equal groups - sharing |
| | Make equal groups – sharing. | The 2 times-table |
| | | Divide by 2 |
| | | Doubling and halving |
| | | Odd and even numbers |
| | | The 10 times table |
| | | Divide by 10 |
| | | The 5 times table |
| | | Divide by 5 |
| | | The 5 and 10 times tables |

| Fractions Progression | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| | Recognise a half of an object or a shape | Introduction to parts and whole |
| | Find a half of an object or a shape | Equal and unequal parts |
| | Recognise a half of a quantity | Recognise a half |
| | Find a half of a quantity | Find a half |
| | Recognise a quarter of an object or a shape | Recognise a quarter |
| | Find a quarter of an object or a shape | Find a quarter |
| | Recognise a quarter of a quantity | Recognise a third |
| | Find a quarter of a quantity | Find a third |

| | Find the whole |
|--|------------------------------------------------------|
| | Unit fractions |
| | Non-unit fractions |
| | Recognise the equivalence of a half and two-quarters |
| | Recognise three-quarters |
| | Find three-quarters |
| | Count in fractions up to a whole |

| Measures Progression | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| Measure and Pattern | Compare lengths and heights | Count money – pence |
| Compare size | Measure length using objects | Count money – pounds (notes and coins) |
| Compare mass | Measure length in centimetres | Count money – pounds and pence |
| Compare capacity | Heavier and lighter | Choose notes and coins |
| Explore simple patterns | Measure and mass | Make the same amount |
| Copy and continue simple patterns | Compare mass | Compare amounts of money |
| Create simple patterns | Full and empty | Calculate with money |
| | Compare volume | Make a pound |
| Mass and Capacity | Measure capacity | Find change |
| Compare mass | Compare capacity | Two-step problems |
| Find a balance | Money | Measure in centimetres |
| Explore capacity | Unitising | Measure in metres |
| Compare capacity | Recognise coins | Compare lengths and heights |
| | Recognise notes | Order lengths and heights |
| Length, Height and Time | Count in coins | Four operations with lengths and heights |
| Explore length | Time | Compare mass |
| Compare length | Before and after | Measure in grams |
| Explore height | Days of the week | Measure in kilograms |
| Compare height | Months of the year | Four operations with mass |
| Talk about time | Hours, minutes and seconds | Compare volume and capacity |
| | Tell the time to the hour | Measure in millilitres |

| Tell the time to the half hour | Measure in litres |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Four operations with volume |
| | and capacity |
| | Temperature |
| | Time |
| | O'clock and half past |
| | Quarter past and quarter to |
| | Tell the time past the hour |
| | Tell the time to the hour |
| | Tell the time to 5 minutes |
| | Minutes in an hour |
| | Hours in a day |

| Shapes Progression | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| Circles and Triangles | Recognise and name 3D shapes | Recognise 2D and 3D shapes |
| Identify and name circles and triangles | Sort 3D shapes | Count sides on 2D shapes |
| Compare circles and triangles | Recognise and name 2D shapes | Count vertices on 2D shapes |
| Shapes in the environment | Sort 2D shapes | Draw 2D shapes |
| | Patterns with 2D and 3D shapes | Lines of symmetry on shapes |
| Shapes with 4 sides | | Use lines of symmetry to complete shapes |
| Identify and name shapes with 4 sides | | Sort 2D shapes |
| Combine shapes with 4 sides | | Count faces on 3D shapes |
| Shapes in the environment | | Count edges on 3D shapes |
| | | Count vertices on 3D shapes |
| 3D shapes | | Sort 3D shapes |
| Recognise and name 3D shapes | | Make patterns with 2D and 3D shapes |
| Find 2D shapes within a 3D shape | | |
| Use 3D shapes for tasks | | |
| 3D shapes in the environment | | |

| Identify more complex | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| patterns | |
| Copy and continue patterns | |
| Patterns in the environment | |
| Manipulate, Compose and | |
| Decompose | |
| Select shapes for a purpose | |
| Rotate shapes | |
| Manipulate shapes | |
| Explain shape arrangements | |
| Compose shapes | |
| Decompose shapes | |
| Copy 2D shape pictures | |
| Find 2D shapes in 3D shapes | |

| Geometry Progression – position and direction | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| Visual, Build and Map | Describe turns | Language of position |
| Identify units of repeating patterns | Describe position – left and right | Describe movement |
| Create own pattern rules | Describe position – forwards and backwards | Describe turns |
| Explore own pattern rules | Describe position – above and below | Describe movement and turns |
| Replicate and build scenes and constructions | Ordinal numbers | Shape patterns with turn |
| Visualise from different | | |
| positions | | |
| Describe positions J | | |
| Give instructions to build | | |
| Explore mapping | | |
| Represent maps with models | | |
| Create own maps of familiar | | |
| places | | |
| Create own maps and plans | | |
| from story situations | | |
| Make connections | | |
| Deepen understanding | | |
| Patterns and relationships | | |

Powerful Knowledge and Skills

By the end of EYFS:

- Count objects, actions and sounds
- Subitise
- Link the number symbol with the cardinal number value
- Count beyond 10
- Compare numbers
- Understand the one more than and one less than relationship with consecutive numbers
- Explore the composition of numbers to 10
- Automatically recall number bonds 0 to 10
- Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills
- Compose and decompose shapes
- Continue, copy and create repeating patterns
- Compare length, weight and capacity

By the end of Year 1:

- Count to and across 100, forwards & backwards from any number
- Read and write numbers to 20 in numerals & words
- Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals
- Say 1 more/1 less to 100
- Count in multiples of 2, 5 & 10
- Use bonds and subtraction facts to 20
- Add & subtract: 1 digit & 2 digit numbers to 20, including zero
- Solve one-step multiplication and division using objects, pictorial
- representation and arrays
- Recognise half and quarter of object, shape or quantity
- Sequence events in chronological order
- Use language of day, week, month and year
- Tell time to hour & half past

By the end of Year 2:

- Recognise and use inverse (+/-)
- Calculate and write multiplication & division calculations using multiplication tables
- Recognise, find, name and write 1/3; 1/4; 2/4; 3/4
- Write and recognise equivalence of simple fractions
- Compare and order numbers up to 100 and use <> =
- Read and write all numbers to 100 in digits & words
- Say 10 more/less than any number to 100
- Count in steps of 2, 3 & 5 from zero and in 10s from any number (forwards and backwards)
- Recall and use multiplication & division facts for 2, 5 & 10 tables
- Recall and use +/- facts to 20
- Derive and use related facts to 100
- Recognise place value of any 2-digit number
- Add & subtract: 2-digit numbers & ones
- Add & subtract 2-digit numbers & tens
- Add & subtract two 2-digit numbers
- Add & subtract three 1-digit numbers
- Tell time to five minutes, including quarter past/to

By the end of Year 3:

- Compare & order numbers up to 1000
- Read & write all numbers to 1000 in digits and words
- Find 10 or 100 more/less than a given number
- Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100
- Recall & use multiplication & division facts for 3, 4, 8 tables
- Recognise place value of any 3-digit number
- Add and subtract: 3-digit numbers and ones
- 3-digit numbers and tens
- 3-digit numbers and hundreds
- Add and subtract: Numbers with up to 3-digits using written columnar
- method
- Estimate and use inverse to check
- Multiply: 2-digit by 1-digit
- Count up/down in tenths
- Compare and order fractions with same denominator
- Add and subtract fractions with same denominator within one whole
- Tell time using 12 and 24 hour clocks; and using Roman numerals
- Tell time to nearest minute
- Know number of days in each month and number of seconds in a minute

By the end of Year 4:

- · Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
- Compare and order numbers beyond 1,000
- Compare and order numbers with up to 2 decimal places
- Read Roman numerals to 100
- Find 1,000 more or less than a given number
- Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000
- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for all tables to 12x12
- Recognise place value of any 4-digit number
- Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000
- Round decimals with 1 decimal-place to nearest whole number
- Add and subtract numbers with up to 4-digits using written columnar method
- Multiply 2-digit and 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers
- Count up and down in hundredths
- Recognise and write equivalent fractions
- Add and subtract fractions with same denominator
- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks

By the end of Year 5:

- Count forwards and backward with positive and negative numbers through zero
- Count forwards/backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000
- Compare and order numbers up to 1,000,000
- Compare and order numbers with 3 decimal places
- Read Roman numerals to 1,000
- Identify all multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of two numbers
- Use known tables to derive other number facts
- Recall prime numbers up to 19

- Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers
- Recognise place value of any number up to 1,000,000
- Round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 or 100,000
- Round decimals with 2 decimal places to nearest whole number and 1 decimal place
- Add and subtract: Numbers with more than 4-digits using formal written method
- Use rounding to check answers
- Multiply: 4-digits by 1-digit/ 2-digit
- Divide: Up to 4-digits by 1-digit
- Multiply & divide: Whole numbers & decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000
- Recognise and use thousandths
- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one to another
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers
- Identify and write equivalent fractions
- Solve time problems using timetables and converting between different units of time

By the end of Year 6:

- Use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero
- Compare and order numbers up to 10,000,000
- Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- Identify the value of each digit to 3 decimal places
- Use knowledge of order of operations to carry out calculations involving four operations
- Multiply: 4-digit by 2-digit
- Divide: 4-digit by 2-digit
- Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers
- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in the simplest form.
- Divide proper fractions by whole numbers
- Calculate % of whole number